



**LES of gas turbine
combustion**

Daniel Moöll, Siemens Industrial Turbomachinery AB

Outline



- Introduction
- Atmospheric combustion rig description
- Computational model description
- Computational results
- Summary

Introduction Background



Increasing demand on fuel flexibility on the gas turbine market.

- Accurate CFD predictions are becoming more and more important to predict primary and secondary effects of fuel flexibility
- Importance of good simulation models to predict secondary effects of combustion, such as combustion dynamics and other transient phenomenon

The aim of the performed work is to:

- Investigate the predictive capabilities of unsteady CFD with respect to flame shape and position as well as flame dynamics

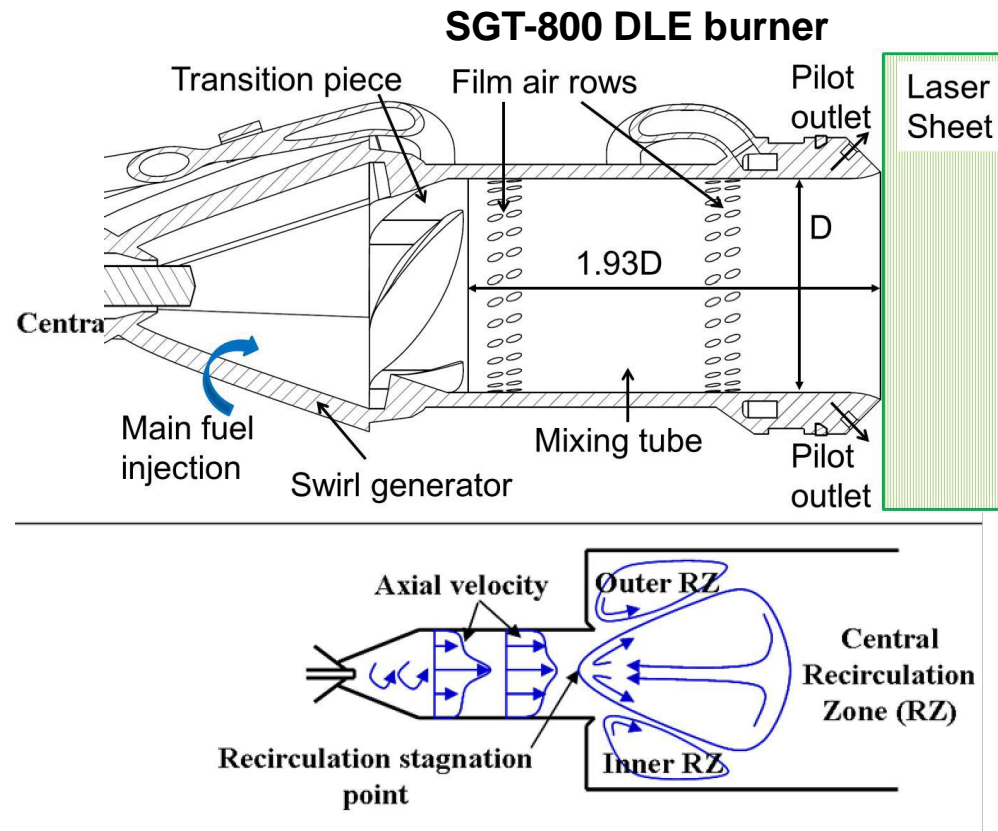
Introduction: Burner description

SGT-800 3rd generation DLE burner

§ Swirl stabilized main flame with 12 pilot flames (not in the picture)

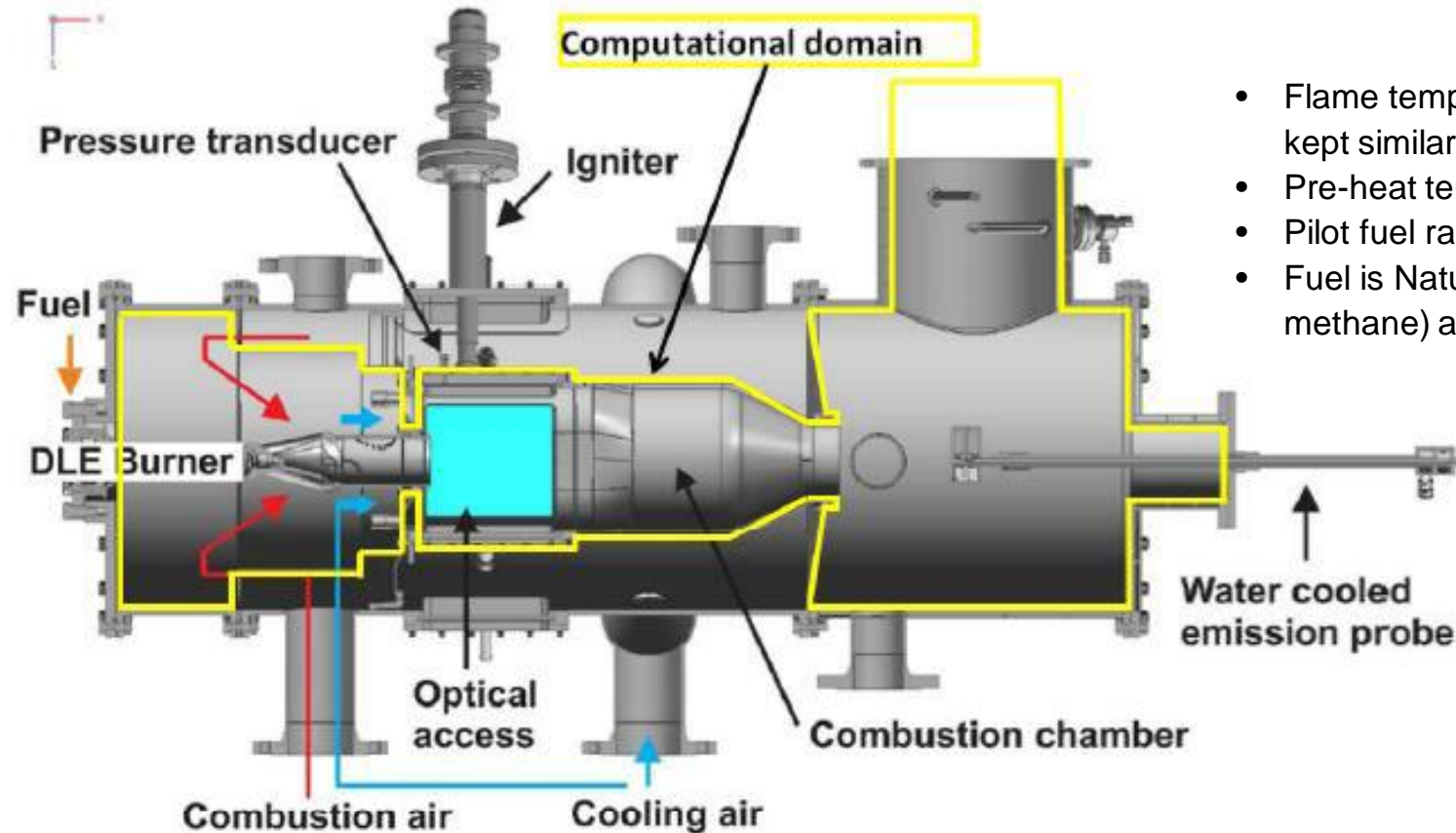
§ Motivation

- § Emissions
- § Turndown
- § Higher TET
- § Liner heat load



Introduction: Atmospheric combustion rig description

SIEMENS
Ingenuity for life



- Flame temperature and burner reference velocity kept similar to engine conditions
- Pre-heat temperature is 693K
- Pilot fuel ratio is 3%
- Fuel is Natural gas in experiments (>90% methane) and methane in the simulations

Computational Model Description

Turbulence treatment:

- LES – Smagorinsky

Chemistry treatment:

- FGM + PDF integration

Mesh:

- 29M polys

Air inlet:

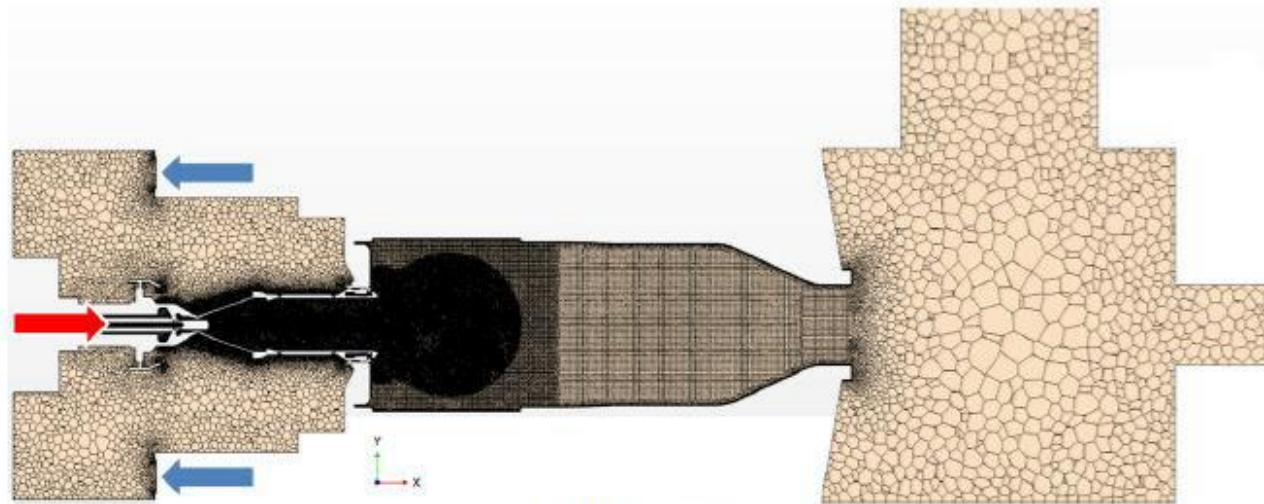
- Blue arrow

Main Fuel Inlet

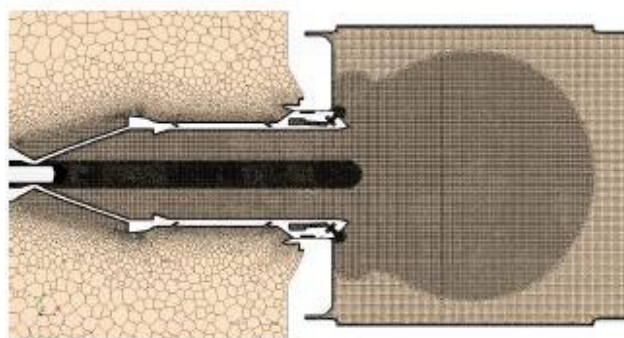
- Red arrow

Pilot fuel inlet

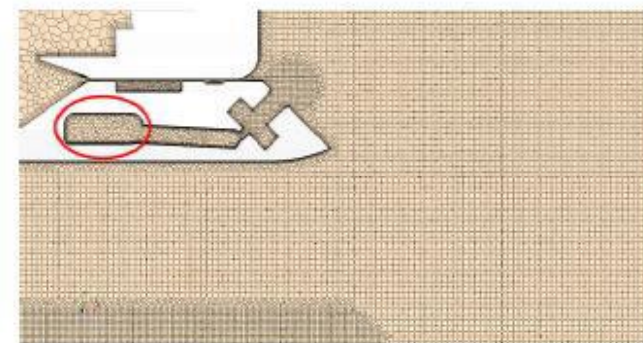
- Red circle



(a) Mesh overview



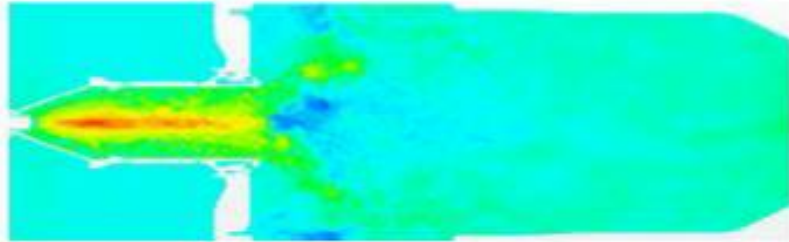
(b) Mixing and reaction



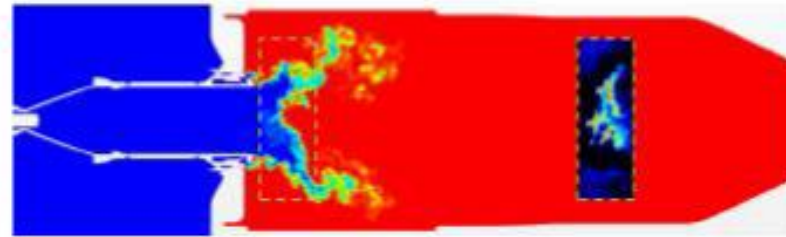
(c) Pilot flame region

Results

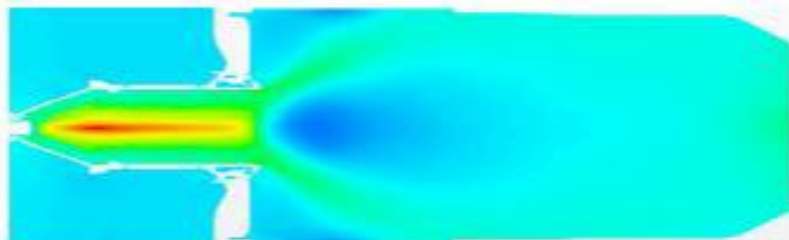
SIEMENS
Ingenuity for life



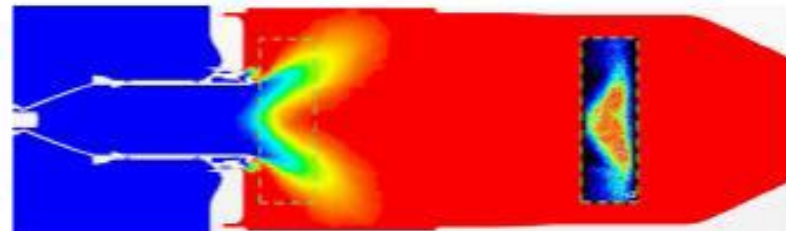
(a) u instantaneous



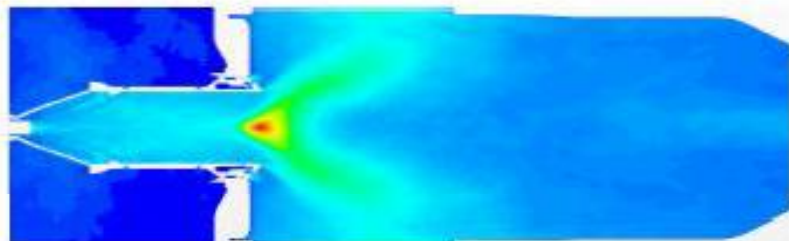
(b) c instantaneous



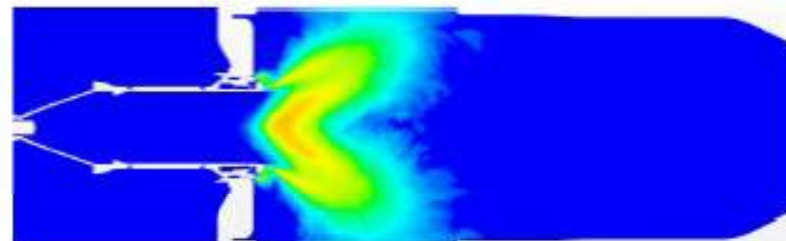
(c) $\langle u \rangle$



(d) $\langle c \rangle$



(e) u'



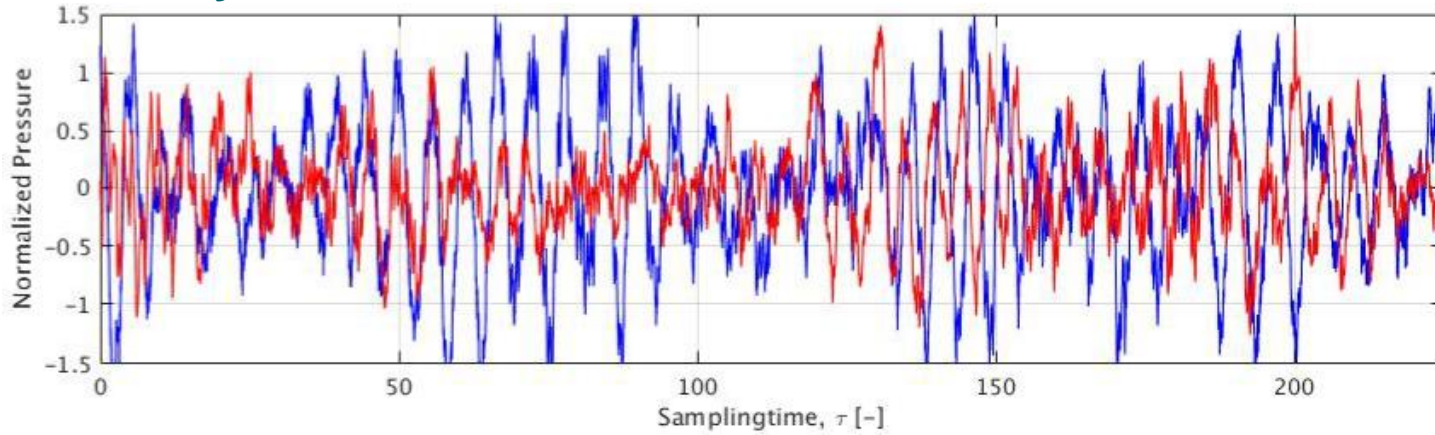
(f) c'

Axial velocity (left)

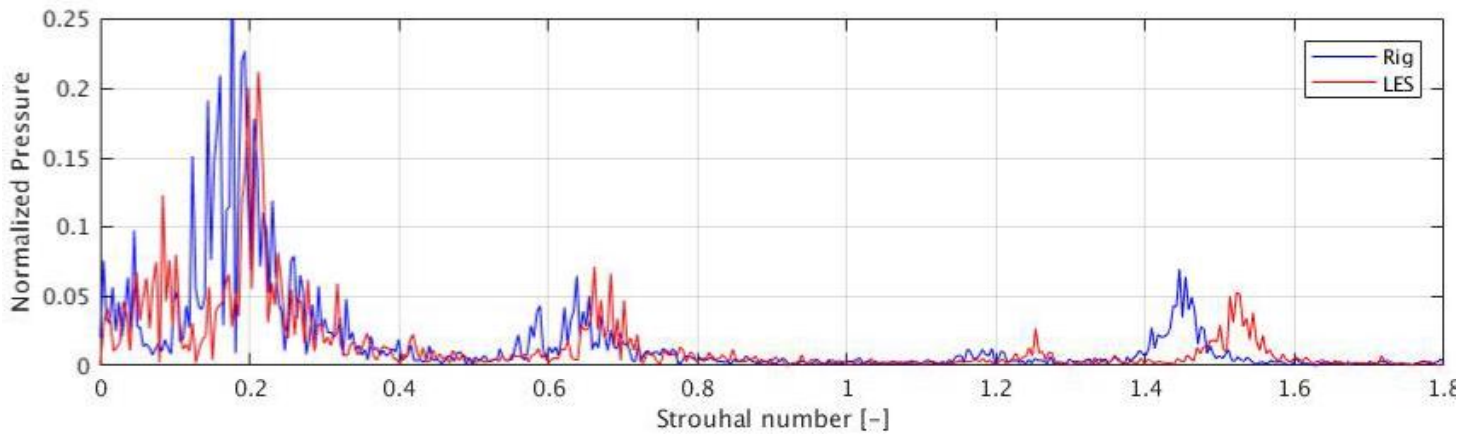
Reaction progress (right)

CFD Results LES Dynamics

SIEMENS
Ingenuity for life

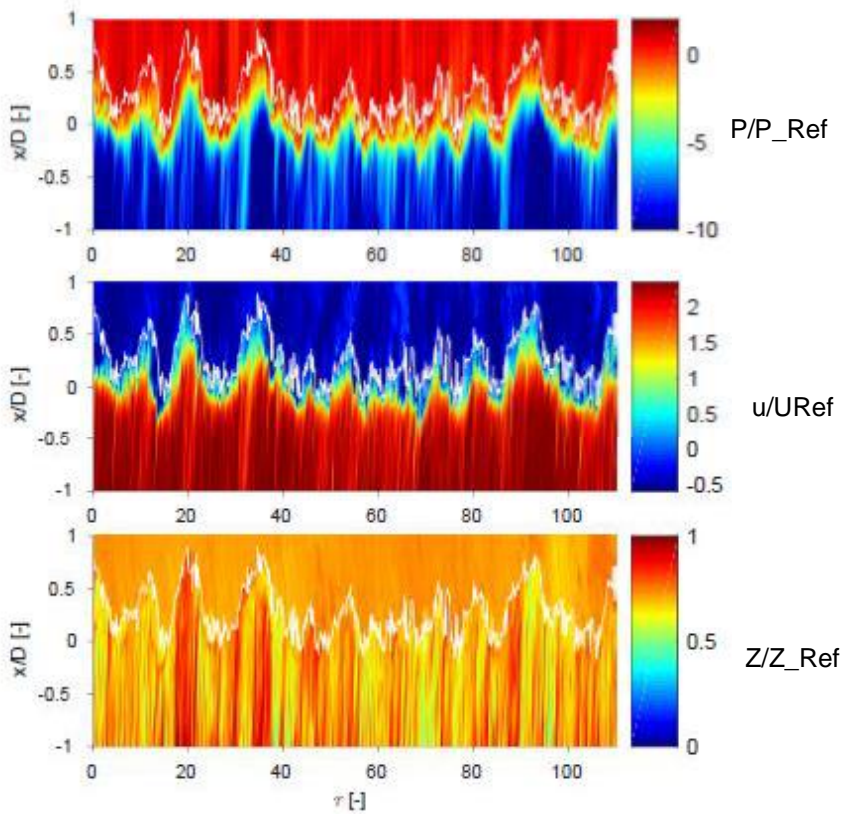


Pressure trace from
experiments and corresponding
location in CFD



Restricted © Siemens AG 20XX

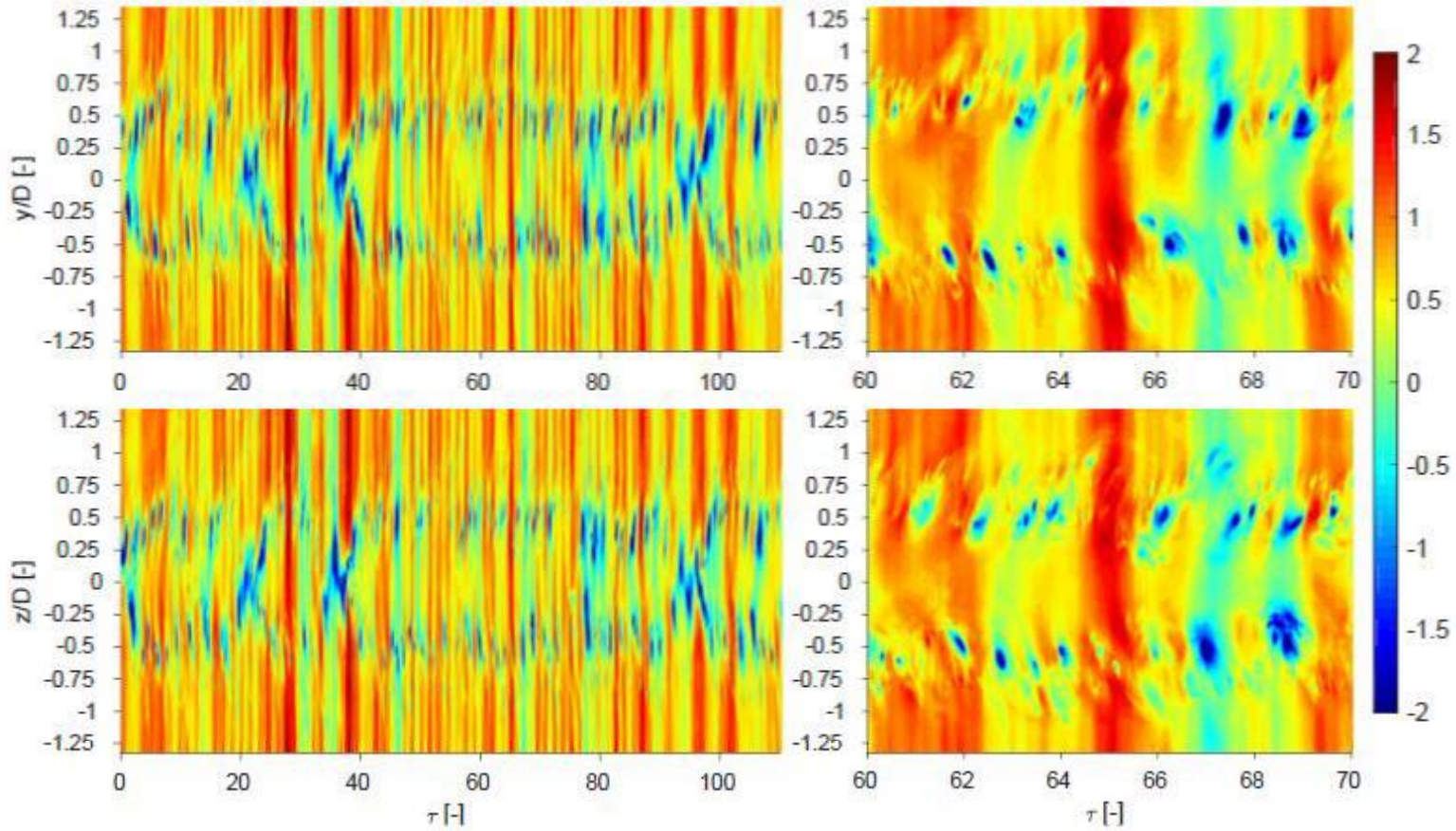
CFD Results LES Dynamics



Data along the center line plotted as function of time:

- Forward stagnation point is moving around the burner exit.
- Flame is pulsing axially.
- Fluctuations in composition upstream the flame.

The Precessing Vortex Core

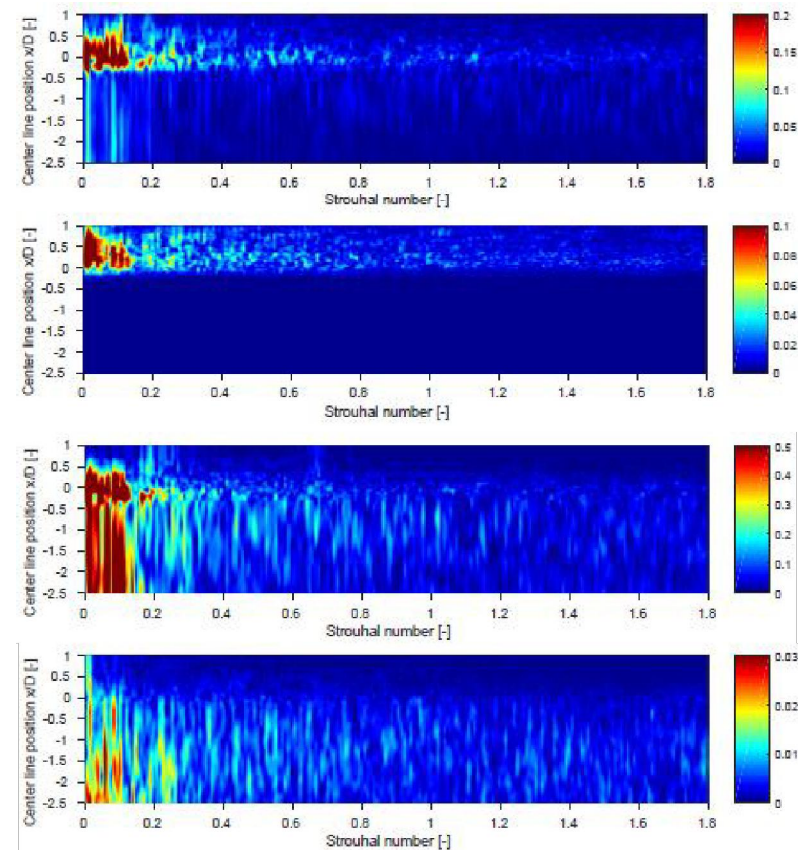


PVC Frequency around $St = 0.7$

CFD Results LES Dynamics

FFT of the center line data:

- Broadband noise upstream the flame, only distinct Strouhal numbers (frequencies) downstream the flame



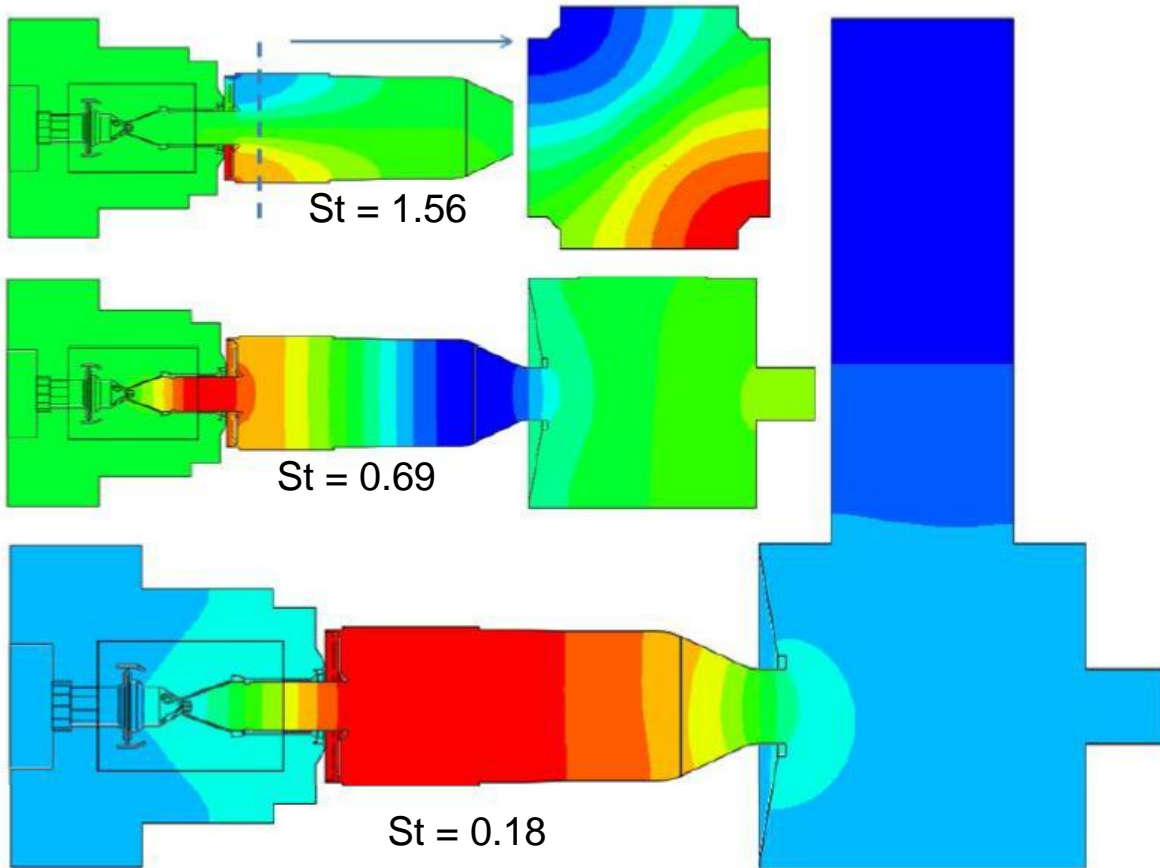
u'/U_{Ref}

Reaction
Progress

P'/P_{Ref}

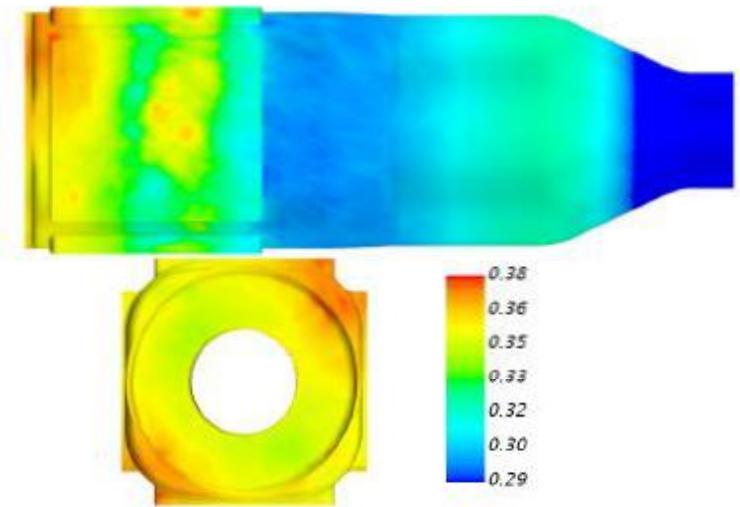
Z'/Z_{Ref}

Acoustic eigenmodes



SIEMENS
Ingenuity for life

LES pressure fluctuations on
combustion chamber walls



Summary

LES + FGM has been used successfully to predict the flame behavior in a Siemens gas turbine burner fitted to an atmospheric combustion rig

- Flame shape and position agrees well with OH-PLIF measured data
- Pressure trace agrees well between CFD and Experiments
- The flame dynamics is studied in detail revealing details of which frequencies may be dominant for a specific burner.
- The acoustics is well predicted with the LES model

Thank you for your attention!

SGT-800

